

## WASTE MINIMISATION

## Minimising the volume of waste starts with the first response on site and must remain a permanent effort (information & control).

## 1 - Limit the quantity of waste generated by cleanup

Preferring

in situ washing
techniques to
recover only oil



Washing pebbles in a concrete mixer on site



Washing pebbles in a makeshift cage on site



Water agitation of sediment with low pressure jet

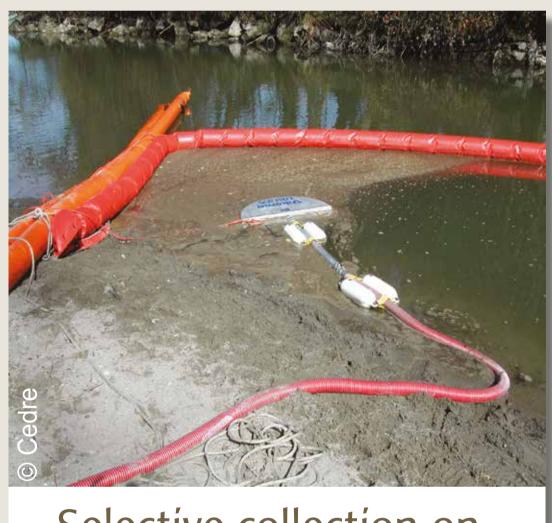


Moving sediment into the surf zone (surfwashing)

Avoiding the removal of clean sediment or water by selective collection



Suitable tool (pitchfork) for coarse grain sand



Selective collection on water using a skimmer



Mechanical collection: selective versus non selective

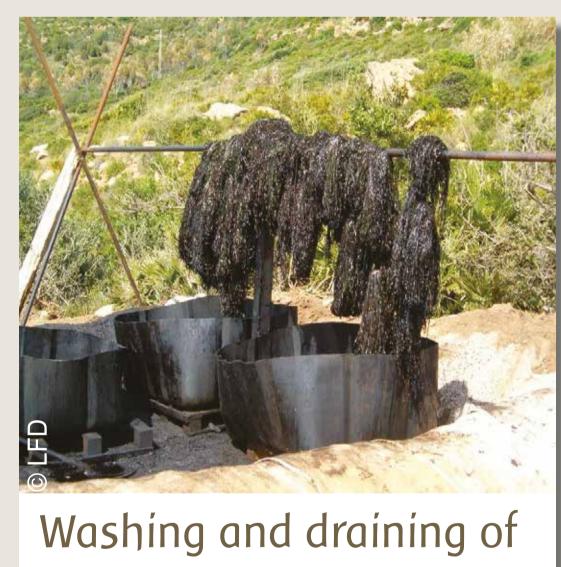
Sparing use or reuse of consumables and equipment



Reuse of PPE as sorbent



Washing of equipment



Washing and draining of sorbent mops



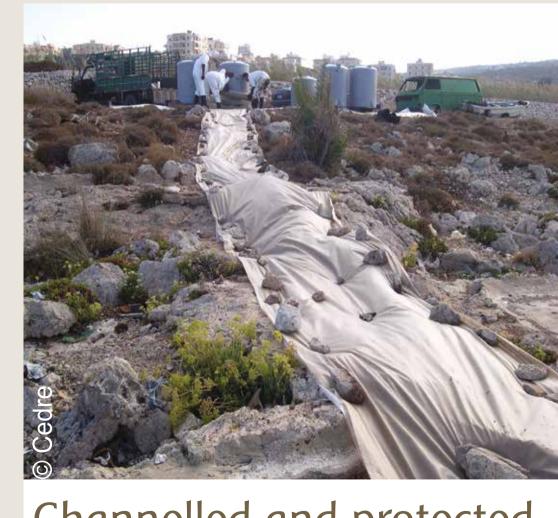
Inappropriate broad use of sorbent

## 2 - Avoid additional contamination that increases the volume of oily waste

Protecting ground from secondary contamination



containers



Channelled and protected access



Protection against rainfall washout



Decontamination









